

# **Safety Data Sheet**

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Vector 5.9% Peracetic Acid

Product number 959

Brand Crown Chemical, Inc.

1.2 Other means of identification

Vector 5.9% Peracetic Acid

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Sanitizing, disinfecting, cleaning

1.4 Supplier's details

Name Crown Chemical, Inc. Address 4701 W. 136th. St.

Crestwood, Illinois 60418

U.S.A.

Telephone 708-371-6990 Fax 708-371-6992

email info@crown-chem.com

1.5 Emergency phone number(s)

800-535-5053

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## **General hazard statement**

Heating may cause a fire. May intensify fire; oxidizer. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects..

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### GHS classification in accordance with: (US) OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Oxidizing liquids Category 3
- Organic peroxides Type F Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4
- Acute toxicity, oral Category 4
- Acute toxicity, dermal Category 3
- Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 2
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2

## 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

# **Pictogram**











1. Flame; 2. Flame over circle; 3. Corrosion; 4. Exclamation mark; 5. Environment

Signal word

**Danger** 

Hazard statement(s)

H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer H302 Harmful if swallowed

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

**Precautionary statement(s)** 

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P220 Keep/Store away from clothing and other combustible materials.

P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER /doctor/...if you feel unwell,

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P330 Rinse mouth.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide

(CO2) to extinguish.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

None identified

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

Corrosive Mixture; Oxidizing Liquid

#### Components

### 1. Hydrogen peroxide

Concentration 20 - 30 % (By Weight)

CAS no. 7722-84-1

- Oxidizing liquids, Cat. 1

Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 1AAcute toxicity, inhalation, Cat. 4

- Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

2. Acetic acid

Concentration 5 - 10 % (By Weight)

CAS no. 64-19-7

- Flammable liquids, Cat. 3

- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 1A

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

### 3. PERACETIC ACID

Concentration 5 - 10 % (By Weight)

CAS no. 79-21-0

Flammable liquids, Cat. 3
Organic peroxides, Type D
Acute toxicity, inhalation, Cat. 4
Acute toxicity, dermal, Cat. 4
Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4
Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 1A

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute), Cat. 1
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
H242 Heating may cause a fire
H302 Harmful if swallowed

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H332 Harmful if inhaled
Very toxic to aquatic life

# 4. Phosphonic acid, P,P'-(1-hydroxyethylidene)bis-

Concentration 1 - 3 % (By Weight)

CAS no. 2809-21-4

### Trade secret statement (OSHA 1910.1200(i))

The specific chemical identities and/or actual concentrations for one or more components are being withheld as trade secrets under the US regulation 29 CFR 1910.1200(i).

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

4.1

If inhaled

### **Description of necessary first-aid measures**

General advice Do not breathe vapors or mists. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not

eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective rubber gloves and chemical splash goggles or face shield when using this product. If inhalable particles of vapors or mists may occur during use, wear NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Mix ONLY with water. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. Store away from clothing, cardboard, paper, rags and

other combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep only in original container. Keep in cool, well-ventilated area.

a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.

In case of skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a Poison Control Center or

Remove person to fresh air immediately and keep comfortable for breathing. Call

doctor for treatment advice.

In case of eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a Poison Control

Center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed Immediately call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice. Rinse

out mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation.

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Sulfuric acid: No data available.

### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire.

#### **Further information**

Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Decomposition will release of oxygen, which will intensify fire. Closed containers may explode dues to heat from fire. Cool with water spray. No responsive action should be taken without proper training.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Initiate spill containment procedures immediately using containment or absorbtion methods. Keep people away from area. Put on appropriate protective equipment (see Section 8).

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.)away from spilled material. Ventilate the contaminated area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. This product is miscible in water. Should not be released into the environment. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. TO NEUTRALIZE SPILL: Add sodium carbonate (soda ash) at a rate of 1-3 pounds for each gallon of concentrated solution.

#### IF CONTAMINATION OCCURS:

The drum or container may be hot to the touch. Cool the drum with water if possible. Excessive bubbles may be present in the liquid. Move the drum to an outside location or ventilated area to prevent exposure damage. If possible, dilute the concentrated product within the drum or container. Be aware that heat may be generated during this process.

## Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices..

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Keep only in the original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from other materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

DO NOT allow the concentrated solution to contact any metals other than stainless steel. Preferred materials are plastics such as polypropylene, PVC, polyethylene, Kynar and PTFE.

DO NOT allow galvanized metal, copper, iron, steel or brass to come in contact with the concentrated solution. DO NOT place anything into the concentrated drum that is not new in order to avoid contamination and unwanted

DO NOT return unused solution back into the drum.

DO NOT store the product in direct sunlight.

## Specific end use(s)

Consult product label for EPA prescribed Storage and Disposal information.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

reaction.

#### 1. Hydrogen peroxide (CAS: 7722-84-1)

PEL (Inhalation): 1.4 mg/m3; USA (OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 1 ppm; USA (Cal/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL (Inhalation): 1 ppm; USA (NIOSH) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

TLV® (Inhalation): 1 ppm; USA (ACGIH) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

### 2. Acetic acid (CAS: 64-19-7 EC: 200-580-7)

PEL (Inhalation): 25 mg/m3; USA (OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm, (C) 40 ppm; USA (Cal/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL (Inhalation): 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm; USA (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

TLV® (Inhalation): 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm; USA (ACGIH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

TWA (Inhalation): 10 ppm; USA (ACGIH)

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)/ Pulmonary function

STEL (Inhalation): 15 ppm; USA (ACGIH)

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)/Pulmonary function. Upper Respiratory Tract irritation. Eye irritation

ST (Inhalation): 15 ppm 37 mg/m3; USA (NIOSH)

USA. NIOSH Recommended

Exposure Limits/ Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar

TWA (Inhalation): 10 ppm 25 mg/m3; USA (NIOSH) USA. NIOSH Recommended

Exposure Limits/ Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar

TWA (Inhalation): 10 ppm 25 mg/m3; USA (OSHA)

USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air

Contaminants

C (Inhalation): 40 ppm; USA (Cal/OSHA)

California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants

(Title 8, Article 107)

### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

## 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

### **Eye/face protection**

Wear chemical splash goggles or face shield when using this product.

### **Skin protection**

Wear protective rubber gloves, a long sleeve shirt and, if necessary, a rubber apron to prevent contact.

#### **Body protection**

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with clothing or shoes. Wash contaminated items before reuse. Avoid wearing contact lenses when using this product.

### **Respiratory protection**

Wear a NIOSH respirator approved for corrosive vapors or mists.

#### Thermal hazards

No data available.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not let product enter drains.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.)

Colorless Liquid
Odor

Pungent Vinegal

Melting point/freezing point

No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range

1.0 (1% solution)
No data available.
226°F

Flash point None to Decomposition

Evaporation rate N/A

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability limits

Upper/lower explosive limits

Vapor pressure

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

22 mm Hg @ 25 deg C

Vapor density  $>1.0 (H_2O = 1.0)$ 

Relative density Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

>1.0 (H<sub>2</sub>O = 1.0)

Miscible in 120°F Water

No data available.

518°F

No data available.

N/A

No data available.

May intensify fire; oxidizer.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Product is highly reactive with acids, bases, metals, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, organic and combustible materials. Reactions may produce hazardous conditions, including violent splattering of corrosive materials and emission of oxygen gas, which is flammable. NEVER mix this product with other chemicals. Mix this product ONLY with water.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Product is stable under normal storage and usage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Sunlight. Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Combustible material. Reducing agents

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic gas.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Likely Routes of Exposure: Eyes, Skin, Ingestion, Inhalation

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Irritation, pain, redness, blistering.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

Irritation, pain, redness, watering,

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Coughing, choking, respiratory tract irritation, breathing difficulty.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH,NTP, or EPA classification

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available.

### **Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **STOT-single exposure**

No data available.

### **STOT-repeated exposure**

No data available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available.

#### **Additional information**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems.

### Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available on product

### **Mobility in soil**

No data available.

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## Disposal of the product

Avoid disposal of this product. Use complete contents according to directions. Do not release contents into a municipal sewer except through normal dilution and usage. Do not release contents onto the ground or into any body of water. Dispose of empty container by offering for recycling if available, or into a landfill. Follow all applicable state and local regulations.

### Disposal of contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

DOT (US)

UN Number: UN 3109,

Class: 5.2 Packing Group: II

Proper Shipping Name: UN 3109, Organic Peroxide Type F, Liquid (Peroxyacetic Acid, Type F, Stabilized), 5.2 (8), PG

Ш

Note: Certain package sizes of this product may qualify for exceptions to DOT's packaging, labeling and other requirements, and thus may have different DOT shipping names. For bulk shipments, see the shipping documents.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in guestion

## **SARA 302 Components**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302:

Hydrogen peroxide CAS-Number: 7722-84-1

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Reactivity Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

### **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

Hydrogen peroxide CAS number: 7722-84-1 Ethaneperoxoic acid CAS number: 79-21-0

Acetic acid CAS number: 64-19-7

## **Pennsylvania Right To Know Components**

Hydrogen peroxide CAS number: 7722-84-1 Ethaneperoxoic acid CAS number: 79-21-0

Acetic acid CAS number: 64-19-7

### **New Jersey Right To Know Components**

Hydrogen peroxide CAS number: 7722-84-1 PEROXYACETIC ACID CAS number: 79-21-0

Acetic acid CAS number: 64-19-7

#### California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

### **SARA 313 Components**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III. Section 313.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information herein is believed to be correct, but is given without warranty or guaranty of any kind, express or implied. The hazards provided in this Safety Data Sheet apply to the product in its concentrated form, and may differ significantly after dilution.

#### 16.1 Further information/disclaimer

DISCLAIMER: The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigation to determine the suitability of information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Crown Chemical, Inc. be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, whatsoever arising, even if Crown Chemical, Inc. has been advised of the possibility of such damages.