Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier
Product name: Panorama Window & Mirror Cleaner
Product number: 05719
Brand: Crown Chemical, Inc.

1.2 Other means of identification
Panorama Window & Mirror Cleaner

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Glass & Mirror Cleaner

1.4 Supplier's details
Name: Crown Chemical, Inc.
Address: 4701 W. 136th. St. Crestwood, Illinois 60418 U.S.A.
Telephone: 708-371-6990
Fax: 708-371-6992
email: info@crown-chem.com

1.5 Emergency phone number(s)
800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

General hazard statement
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
GHS classification in accordance with: (US) OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)
- Carcinogenicity, Cat. 1A
- Germ cell mutagenicity, Cat. 1B
- Eye damage/irritation, Cat. 2A
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram
1. Exclamation mark; 2. Gas cylinder

Signal word
Warning

Hazard statement(s)
H315 Causes skin irritation
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H340 May cause genetic defects [route]
H350 May cause cancer [route]
Precautionary statement(s)
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P264 Wash hands & skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/Take off immediately contaminated clothing
and wash it before reuse. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice if irritation persists.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321 Specific treatment (see details on label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, state, national and
international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures
Irritant Mixture

Components

1. 2-Butoxyethanol
Concentration 2.5 - 10 % (By Weight)
EC no. 203-905-0
CAS no. 111-76-2
Index no. 603-014-00-0
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2
- Acute toxicity, dermal, Cat. 4
- Acute toxicity, inhalation, Cat. 4
- Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4
H302 Harmful if swallowed
H312 Harmful in contact with skin
H315 Causes skin irritation
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H332 Harmful if inhaled

2. Ethanol
Concentration 2.5 - 10 % (By Weight)
EC no. 200-578-6
CAS no. 64-17-5
Index no. 603-002-00-5
- Flammable liquids, Cat. 2
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

3. N-BUTANE
Concentration 1 - 2.5 % (By Weight)
EC no. 203-448-7
CAS no. 106-97-8
Index no. 601-004-01-8
- Flammable gases, Cat. 1
- Press. Gas
- Carcinogenicity, Cat. 1A
- Germ cell mutagenicity, Cat. 1B

H220 Extremely flammable gas
H340 May cause genetic defects [route]
H350 May cause cancer [route]

4. Propane gas
Concentration 1 - 2.5 % (By Weight)
EC no. 200-827-9
CAS no. 74-98-6
Index no. 601-003-00-5

- Flammable gases, Cat. 1
- Press. Gas

H220 Extremely flammable gas

Trade secret statement (OSHA 1910.1200(i))
The specific chemical identities and/or actual concentrations for one or more components are being withheld as trade secrets under the US regulation 29 CFR 1910.1200(i).

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

If inhaled
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

In case of skin contact
Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

In case of eye contact
Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed
In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
No data available.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media
Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Further information
In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions
Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Eliminate all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Reference to other sections
For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Wash hands with soap and water after handling. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. For precautions see section 2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Level 1 Aerosol (NFPA 30B)

Specific end use(s)
Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1. 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0)
PEL (Inhalation): 240 mg/m3 (OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
PEL (Inhalation): 20 ppm (Cal/OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
REL (Inhalation): 5 ppm (NIOSH)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
PEL (Inhalation): 20 ppm
97 mg/m3
California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)/Skin
TWA (Inhalation): 50 ppm
240 mg/m³; USA (OSHA)

USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants/Skin designation
The value in mg/m³ is approximate

TWA (Inhalation): 5 ppm
24 mg/m³; USA (NIOSH)

USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits/Potential for dermal absorption

TWA (Inhalation): 20 ppm; USA (ACGIH)
USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)/Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Eye irritation Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

TLV® (Inhalation): 20 ppm; USA (ACGIH)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

2. Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) (CAS: 64-17-5)
PEL (Inhalation): 1900 mg/m³ (OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 1000 ppm (Cal/OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL (Inhalation): 1000 ppm (NIOSH)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

TLV® (Inhalation): (ST) 1000 ppm; USA (ACGIH)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

3. Propane (CAS: 74-98-6)
PEL (Inhalation): 1800 mg/m³ (OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 1000 ppm (Cal/OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL (Inhalation): 1000 ppm (NIOSH)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection
Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection
Wear protective gloves, such as nitrile gloves.

Body protection
Wear suitable protective clothing. If splash risk, ensure clothing is impervious and fire resistant.

Respiratory protection
If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.
Thermal hazards
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Environmental exposure controls
Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.) Pale Yellow / Aerosol. Liquefied gas.
Odor Butyl
Odor threshold No data available.
pH 9.5 - 10.5
Melting point/freezing point No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range No data available.
Flash point -156.00 °F (-104.44 °C) Propellant estimated
Evaporation rate No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas) No data available.
Upper/lower flammability limits No data available.
Upper/lower explosive limits No data available.
Vapor pressure 80 - 100 psig @70F estimated
Vapor density No data available.
Relative density No data available.
Solubility(ies) No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature No data available.
Decomposition temperature No data available.
Viscosity No data available.
Explosive properties No data available.
Oxidizing properties No data available.

Other safety information
No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Ethanol: Alkali metals, Oxidizing agents, Peroxides

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Not a respiratory sensitizer. This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity
This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by IARC.
ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity
Possible reproductive hazard. This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

STOT-single exposure
Based on available data, classification data are not met

STOT-repeated exposure
Based on available data, classification data are not met

Aspiration hazard
Based on available data, classification data are not met

Additional information
2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability
No data available on product

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available on product
Mobility in soil
No data available on product.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

Other adverse effects
No data available on product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product
Consult authorities before disposal. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Disposal of contaminated packaging
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

Waste treatment
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Sewage disposal
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Other disposal recommendations
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)
UN Number: UN1950
Class: 2.2
Packing Group: Not available.
Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, non-flammable
Reportable quantity (RQ):
This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking and both may be displayed concurrently.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

SARA 302 Components
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components
The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313: Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether, CAS: 111-76-2

SARA 311/312 Hazards
Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard
Massachusetts Right To Know Components
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether, CAS: 111-76-2
Ethanol, CAS number: 64-17-5

New Jersey Right To Know Components
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether, CAS: 111-76-2
ETHYL ALCOHOL, CAS number: 64-17-5
BUTANE, CAS number: 106-97-8
PROPANE, CAS number: 74-98-6

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether, CAS: 111-76-2
Ethanol, CAS number: 64-17-5
Butane, CAS number: 106-97-8
Propane, CAS number: 74-98-6

California Prop. 65 Components
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.
CAS-No. 64-17-5: Ethanol.

SECTION 16: Other information

The information herein is believed to be correct, but is given without warranty or guaranty of any kind, express or implied. The hazards provided in this Safety Data Sheet apply to the product in its concentrated form, and may differ significantly after dilution.

16.1 Further information/disclaimer
DISCLAIMER: The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigation to determine the suitability of information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Crown Chemical, Inc. be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, whatsoever arising, even if Crown Chemical, Inc. has been advised of the possibility of such damages.